*	12/100	"d PCT/PTO 2 4 APR 2000
REV. 1-98)	PARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATES T AND TRADEM OF THE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
TRANSMITTAL LETTER	TO THE UNITED STATES	32-254P
DESIGNATED/ELECTE	D OFFICE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)
CONCERNING A FILING	G UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	U9/5e3x0013
NTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED
PCT/JP98/01470		
TILE OF INVENTION	March 31, 1998	October 24, 1997
	TION OF NATRIURETIC PEPTIDES AN	ID IMPROVED METHOD FOR ASSAYING
	TIC PEPTIDES WITH THE USED OF	THE SAME
PPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US SHIMIZU, 1	Hiroyuki; ASADA, Hidehisa; ENDO), Kazuaki
	Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following	
 M This is a FEDETkis		-
This is a FIRST submission of items conc		0.00
	bmission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S	
	examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b)	
	eliminary Examination was made by the 19 th	
. A copy of the International Application	-	
<u> </u>	ed only if not transmitted by the International	Bureau)
b. has been transmitted by the Int		24.04.0).
岩	on was filed in the United States Receiving C	office (RO/US)
	blication into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).	mee (res, 55).
4763	ernational Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
a. are transmitted herewith (requi	ired only if not transmitted by the International	
a. are transmitted herewith (require b. have been transmitted by the I		
c. have not been made; however,	the time limit for making such amendments l	as NOT expired
** E3	the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 3	71(c)(3)).
An oath or declaration of the inventor	,	1(0)(0))
	nternational Preliminary Examination Report	under PCT Article 36
A translation of the annexes to the In (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).	, <u></u> ,	
d a	\ ! &	
tems 11. to 16. below concern document(s	or information included:	
11. An Information Disclosure Statemer	nt under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.981449 and Inte	rnational Search Report (PCT/ISA/210)
_		
 An assignment document for record 	ing. A separate cover sheet in compliance wit	h 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. A FIRST preliminary amendment.		
A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT pre	immary amendment.	
14. A substitute specification.		
II II saesman speemeanem		
15. A change of power of attorney and/o	or address letter.	
16. Other items or information:		
 Three (3) sheets of Formal Draw 	rings	

U.S. APPLICATION NO (if known, see 37 CF.	R 1.5)	INTERNATI	ONAL APPLICATION NO ASS	Rec'd Po	TI	ORNEY'S DOCKE	T DD TOOO
	30013	-	PCT/JP98/01470	HOULF		3	2514PC000
17. The following fees a	7,0 2				CA	LCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY
BASIC NATIONAL FI	EE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5):					
Neither international pr	eliminary examination	on fee (37	CFR 1.482)				
nor international search and International Search	tee (37 CFK 1.443)	d by the F	PO or JPO	\$970.00			
International preliminal USPTO but Internation	y examination fee (3 al Search Report pre	7 CFR 1.4 pared by t	482) not paid to he EPO or JPO	\$840.00			
International preliminar but international search	ry examination fee (3 fee (37 CFR 1.445(37 CFR 1. a)(2)) paid	482) not paid to USPTO to USPTO	\$690.00			
International prelimina but all claims did not sa	ry examination fee (3 atisfy provisions of P	37 CFR 1. PCT Articl	482) paid to USPTO e 33(1)-(4)	\$670.00			
International prelimina	ry examination fee (37 CFR 1.	482) paid to USPTO		╙		
and all claims satisfied	provisions of PCT A	rticle 33(1)-(4)	\$96.00	8	840.00	
ENTER API	PROPRIATE B	ASIC I	FEE AMOUNT =		Ľ		
Surcharge of \$130.00 for months from the earlies	or furnishing the oath	or declar	ation later than 20	30	\$	0	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FIL	ED.	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE			
Total Claims	11 - 20 =		0	X \$18.00	s	0	
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =		0	X \$78.00	s	0	
MULTIPLE DEPEND	ENT CLAIM(S) (if a	pplicable	Yes	+ \$260.00	\$	260.00	
UI			F ABOVE CALCULA	TIONS =	\$	1100.00	
Reduction of ½ for filir	ng by small entity, if	applicable	. Verified Small Entity star	tement	\$	0	
must also be filed (Not	e 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1	1.28).	SUR	TOTAL =	\$	1100.00	
Processing fee of \$130.	00 for furnishing the	English t		20 30	s	0	
months from the earlies	st claimed priority da	te (37 CF	R 1.492(f)).	+			
lu d			TOTAL NATION.	AL FEE =	\$	1100.00	
Fee for recording the e	nclosed assignment (37 CFR 1	.21(h)). The assignment m 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per pro	ust be nerty +	\$	40.00	
accompanied by an app	propriate cover sneet	(3/ CFR.	TOTAL FEES ENC	LOSED =	\$	1140.00	
in t			TOTALTEEDENC	LODIL	Ť	Amount to be:	s
C)					<u>_</u>	refunded	
					_	charged	S
a. A check in the a	mount of \$ <u>1140.00</u>	to cover t	he above fees is enclosed.				
b. Please charge m	y Deposit Account. I y of this sheet is encl		in the amount of \$	5 to 6	cover	the above fees.	
c. M The Commission		zed to cha	rge any additional fees whi	ich may be re	quire	d, or credit any	
1	-						
NOTE: Where an 1.137(a) or (b)) mu	appropriate time li st be filed and gran	mit under ted to res	37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 h tore the application to pe	as not been : nding status	met,	a petition to rev	ive (37 CFR
Send all correspondence to Birch, Stewart, Kol	: asch & Birch, LLP	or Cust	omer No. 2292	SIGNAT	L	Samuel	Le Henre
P.O. Box 747 Falls Church, VA 2	22040-0747			SIGNA	JKE	1	
(703)205-8000	-20.50141			STEW NAME	ART	RAYMOND C	<u>.</u>
					s <i>e</i> (D	Cs)	
				#21,00 REGIST	RATIO	ON NUMBER	
/eqc							

09/530013 416 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2 4 APR 2000

PATENT 32-254P

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: SHIMIZU, Hiroyuki et al.

Int'l. Appl. No.: PCT/JP98/01470

Appl. No.: New Group:

Filed: April 24, 2000 Examiner:

For: METHOD FOR INHIBITING DECOMPOSTION

OF NATRIERETIC PEPTIDES AND IMPROVED METHOD FOR ASSAYING NATRIURETIC PEPTIDES WITH THE USE

OF THE SAME

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

BOX PATENT APPLICATION

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

April 24, 2000

Sir:

The following Preliminary Amendments and Remarks are respectfully submitted in connection with the above-identified application.

AMENDMENTS

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows:

Before line 1, insert --This application is the national phase under 35 U.S.C. \$ 371 of PCT International Application No. PCT/JP98/01470 which has an International filing date of March 31, 1998, which designated the United States of America.--

RCS/cac

32-254P

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

 $\label{eq:claim 5: Line 1, change "any one of claims 1 to 4" to --claim 1 or 2-- \\$

REMARKS

The specification has been amended to provide a crossreference to the previously filed International Application.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

Raymond C. Stewart, #21,066

P.O. Box 747 Falls Church, VA 22040-0747

(703) 205-8000

(Rev. 04/19/2000)

416 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2.4 APR 2000

DESCRIPTION

METHOD FOR INHIBITING DEGRADATION OF NATRIURETIC PEPTIDES AND IMPROVED

METHOD FOR MEASURING NATRIURETIC PEPTIDES WITH THE USE OF THE SAME

Technical Field

This invention relates to methods for inhibiting the degradation of natriuretic peptides by using a container which comprises a material inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading the peptides and also relates to methods for measuring, assaying, collecting, and storing of the peptides by using the container.

Background Art

A natriuretic peptide family consists of at least three types of natriuretic peptides, atrial natriuretic peptide (ANP), brain natriuretic peptide (BNP) and C type natriuretic peptide (CNP). CNP is a vascular proliferation-regulating peptide mainly secreted from endotherial cells. ANP and BNP are cardiac hormones mainly synthesized in and secreted from heart. These peptides are synthesized as pro-hormones and cleaved to be mature peptides, α -ANP, α -BNP, α -CNP respectively. Human α -ANP, α -BNP, and α -CNP consist of 28, 32, and 22 amino acid residues, respectively.

Some diseases cause the secretion of these natriuretic peptides into blood stream. Since the synthesis and secretion of ANP and BNP are promoted mainly by a load against atria and ventricles of heart, respectively, their secretions reflect changes of heart functions. Each peptide is used as a diagnostic indicator of heart diseases, especially heart failure. Measurement of both α -ANP and α -BNP by immunoassay has already been applied in the clinical field.

Since α -ANP and α -BNP are easily degraded by proteases in blood after

the collection, they are extremely unstable in blood samples. Thus results of measurement had been greatly affected by the collecting methods, storing methods of specimens and the period from collection to measurement. To measure the concentration of the peptides exactly, addition of degradation inhibiting agents, e.g., aprotinin etc. or keeping specimens at low temperature had been essential. But, these handlings were complicate, required too many tasks, and not completed methods as pretreatment of specimens.

Disclosure of Invention

It is speculated that after blood collection natriuretic peptides are degraded by substances such as proteases in blood. To date, some protease inhibitors were added into the samples for the inhibition of the degradation of natriuretic peptides. But, it could not completely inhibit the degradation. The present inventors have speculated that coagulation factors activated by negatively charged solid phase such as glass surface accelerate the degradation of natriuretic peptides when specimens are collected into a container made of glass. The inventors have collected specimens by using a glass container wherein the face coming into contact with a specimens was coated with silicon, and obtained a result that the degradation of natriuretic peptides were inhibited.

The inventors have found out that the degradation of nartiuretic peptides by a substance such as proteases can be suppressed significantly by using a container coated with silicone upon measurement of natriuretic peptide.

The inventors have also found out that the degradation of natriuretic peptides can be suppressed by using a container made of plastic such as polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polystyrene, polypropylene, polyethylene

and acrylic resin.

These results suggest that the degradation of natriuretic peptides in specimens can be suppressed by using a container wherein the face coming into contact with specimens is made of a material inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading the peptides upon handling specimens containing mammalian natriuretic peptides. Therefore, it is expected that the former complicated handling of specimens can be eliminated by using a container wherein the face coming into contact with specimens is made of materials other than glass upon the measurement of natriuretic peptides. Further expected is that these convenient specimens collecting methods for sample preparation give more exact results for diagnosis of heart diseases than conventional methods already used in the clinical field.

This invention is based on the results of the measurement of natriuretic peptides by thus established methods for the inhibition of degradation of mammalian natriuretic peptides by using a container which do not activate substances degrading the peptides in handling specimens containing the peptides.

This invention relates to a method for inhibiting the degradation of mammalian natriuretic peptides by using a container wherein the face coming into contact with specimens made of a materials, preferably, silicone or plastic, which inhibits the activation of the substances degrading the peptides.

Mammalian natriuretic peptides comprise at least ANP and BNP and precursors and derivatives of each peptide because in body there are not only the mature types but also the precursors such as γ -ANP and γ -BNP (BBRC, 214(3), (1995)), and their derivatives. Mammal means all kinds of mammal having natriuretic peptides, such as human, dog, pig, rat and mouse.

"Handling of specimens" means any kinds of handling for specimens, such

as collection, storage, analysis, measurement and so on of the specimens.

"Materials inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading peptides" mean materials, which can inhibit the activation of substances degrading the peptides, such as proteases etc., and can at least form the face coming into contact with the specimen contained in a specimen collecting container. Examples of the material include silicone and plastic, preferably polyethylene, polyethylene terephthalate, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyamide, acrylic resin and so on. SILICONIZE L-25 (Ficon Co.) is given for example as commercially available silicone. It is possible for persons skilled in the art to coat usually used containers made of glass and polyethylene with silicone by using this reagent.

"Container" means all kinds of containers for specimen collection, storage, measurement and so on, for example, a container which is made of or coated with a material inhibiting the dagradation, preferably, with silicone or plastic.

Any kind of biological samples can be used for measuring specimens, and preferred is whole blood or blood plasma.

This invention relates to a measurement of natriuretic peptide in specimens which do not contain aprotinin.

Although aprotinin has been added into specimens to inhibit the degradation of natriuretic peptides by proteases which are already active in blood or are activated after blood collection, it can not inactivate them contained in biological samples completely.

This invention relates to a measuring method of mammalian natriuretic peptides which comprises the method for inhibiting the degradation of the peptides.

The measurement of natriuretic peptides can be carried out by a biological activity measurement, liquid chromatography, immunoassay and so

on. The immunoassay can be performed, which may be competitive immunoassay or sandwich immunoassay, by persons skilled in the art. Otherwise, commercially available α -ANP assay kit "SHIONORIA ANP" (Shionogi & Co., Ltd.) or α -BNP assay kit "SHIONORIA BNP" (Shionogi & Co., Ltd.) can also be used for the measurement.

Furthermore, this invention relates to a kit for measuring mammalian natriuretic peptides. The kit comprises the method for inhibiting the degradation of the peptides in a specimen by using a container wherein the face coming into contact with the specimen is made of a material inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading the peptides upon the specimen collection or measurement.

Brief Description of Drawings

Fig. 1 shows the relationship between the storing periods in glass tubes or silicone-coated glass tubes at 25° C and the residual activities of BNP like substances measured by various kinds of BNP measuring methods.

Fig. 2 shows the relationship between the storing periods in silicone-coated or non-coated polyethylene terephthalate tubes or glass tubes at 25 $^{\circ}$ C and the residual activities of BNP like substances.

Fig. 3 shows the residual BNP activities of BNP like substances stored in silicone-coated or non-coated glass tube and various kinds of plastic tubes, such as polystyrene, polypropylene, reinforced polyethylene and acrylic resin for 24 hours at 25°C.

Example

More detail of this invention is explained in the following examples, which does not limit this invention.

Example 1

Measurement of BNP using glass tubes

- (1) Preparation of silicone coated glass tubes: Commercially available glass tubes (Terumo, Tokyo, Japan) were washed with purified water once, and with 3 % (V/V) silicone solution (SILICONIZE L-25: Ficon Co.,) three times. They were washed once again with purified water and dried for 90 min at 300 $^{\circ}$ C
- (2) Preparation of a specimen for measurement: Venous blood from normal subject was collected into a blood-collecting tube containing EDTA (1.5 mg/ml EDTA·2Na). Human α -BNP (Peptide Institute, Osaka, Japan) was added to the collected blood to make its final concentration 200 pg/ml, to prepare a specimen.
- (3) BNP measurement by IRMA method: The specimen was pippetted into the silicone-coated tubes and the non-coated tubes, respectively. They were allowed to stand for 0, 2, 6, and 24 hours at room temperature (25 °C). Blood cells were separated from these specimens by a centrifugation (Kokusan: H-107GA), \times 2000 g, for 5 min at 4°C. These specimens were stored at 80 °C. BNP immunoreactivities were measured by SHIONORIA BNP (Shionogi).

Briefly, $100\,\mu$ l of plasma or standard solution (α -BNP solutions: 0, 4, 10, 150, 600, and 2000 pg/ml), were pippetted into Shionogi tubes (made of polystyrene: Shionogi), respectively. Two hundreds μ l of iodine labeled anti-BNP antibody solution and a anti-BNP antibody immobilized polystyrene bead were added into the tubes. The mixture was stirred and then left alone for 18 hours at 4°C . After washing twice with 2 ml of washing solution, the radioactivities were measured by γ -counter ARC-600 (Aloka). The result is shown in Fig.1.

In the case of using non-coated glass tubes (Figure 1, \blacksquare), the ratio of residual BNP activity was about 20 % after 24 hours-standing. On the other hand, the residual BNP activity ratio was about 80% even after 24 hours-standing and the activity of substances degrading peptides was suppressed by using the silicone-coated glass tubes (Fig.1, \square).

Fig.1 shows that the activity of substances degrading natriuretic peptides can be suppressed by silicone-coating the face coming into contact with the specimen in a specimen collecting container.

Example 2

Measurement of BNP using polyethylene terephthalate(PET) tubes

- (1) Preparation of silicon-coated PET tubes: Commercially available PET tubes (Terumo, Tokyo, Japan) were washed with purified water once, and with 3 % (V/V) silicone solution (SILICONIZE L-25: Ficon Co.) three times. They were washed once again with purified water and dried.
- (2) Preparation of a specimen for measurement: Fifty ml of venous blood from normal subject was collected into a blood-collecting tubes containing EDTA (1.5 mg/ml EDTA 2Na). Human α -BNP (Peptide Institute) was added to the collected blood to make its final concentration 200 pg/ml, to prepare a specimen.
- (3) BNP measurement by IRMA method: The specimen was pippetted into the silicone-coated PET tubes, the silicone-coated glass tubes, the non-coated PET tubes and the non-coated glass tubes, respectively. They were allowed to stand for 0, 2, 6, 24, and 72 hours at room temperature (25 °C). Blood cells were separated from these specimens by a centrifugation (Kokusan: H-107GA), \times 2000 g, for 5 min at 4°C. These specimens were stored at 80 °C. BNP immunoreactivities in these blood plasma were measured by SHIONORIA

BNP (Shionogi). The measurement was performed by the same method as that described in Example 1.

The result is shown in Fig.2. The ratio of residual BNP activity was about 80% after 24 hours-standing due to the suppression of the activity of substances degrading peptides by using the silicone-coated PET tubes (Fig.2, \odot) and the non-coated PET tubes (Fig.2, \odot). The result was the same as that of using the silicone-coated glass tubes (Fig.2, \Box). On the other hand, the ratio of residual BNP activity was 0 % after 24 hours-standing by using the non silicone-coated glass tubes (Fig.2, \blacksquare).

Example 3

Measurement of BNP using plastic tubes

As specimen storing containers, glass tubes, silicon coated glass tubes, and plastic tubes were used. Five kinds of plastic tubes, i.e., polystyrene tubes, polypropylene A tubes, polypropylene B tubes, reinforced polyethylene tubes, and acrylic resin tubes were used.

(1) BNP measurement by IRMA method

The specimen was pippetteed into each of the above described plastic tubes, coated with or without silicone. They were allowed to stand for 0, and 24 hours at room temperature (25 °C). Blood cells were separated from these specimens by a centrifugation (Kokusan: H-107GA), \times 2000 g, for 5 min at 4 °C. The obtained plasma specimens were stored at - 80 °C. BNP immunoreactivities in these plasma specimens were measured by SHIONORIA BNP (Shionogi). The measurement was performed by the same method as Example 1.

The ratios of the residual BNP activities were 50% or more due to the suppression of the activity of substances degrading peptides by using any kinds of plastic tube used, i.e., polystyrene tube, polypropylene A tube,

polypropylene B tube, reinforced polyethylene tube, and acrylic resin tube (Figure 3, lane 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7). The result was the same as that by using the silicone-coated glass tube (Figure 3, lane 2). On the other hand, the ratio of residual BNP activity was 0 % by using the non-coated glass tube(Fig. 3, lane 1).

The residual activity of BNP remarkably decreased in glass tubes because BNP was degraded by substances degrading the peptides such as proteases. While the decrease of the residual BNP activity was suppressed in silicon-coated glass tubes. Furthermore, in plastic tubes made of polyethylene terephthalate, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyethylene or acrylic resin coated with or without silicone, the degradation of BNP was suppressed due to the inhibition of the activation of substances degrading peptides.

Effect of Invention

The method of this invention for inhibiting the peptide degradation by using a container wherein the face coming into contact with a specimen is made of a materials inhibiting the activation of the degrading substances, provides stable and dependable clinical data on which collecting methods, storing methods and period till measurement do not have any effects.

Further, it will contribute to an exact diagnosis of heart disease by providing economical, convenient stable and dependable clinical data because blood samples can be used for measuring without complicate handling.

CLAIMS

- 1. (Amended) A method for inhibiting the degradation of mammalian natriuretic peptides in specimen, which comprises using, upon handling the specimen, a container wherein the face coming into contact with the specimen is made of or coated with a material inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading the peptides.
- 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said material is silicone or plastic.
- 3. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said mammal is human, dog, pig. rat and mouse.
- 4. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said natriuretic peptide is BNP.
- 5. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein said specimen does not contain aprotinin.
- 6. A method for measuring mammalian natriuretic peptides, which comprises the method as claimed in claim 1.
- 7. (Amended) A kit for measuring mammalian natriuretic peptides, which comprises a container wherein the face coming into contact with specimen is made of or coated with a material inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading the peptides.
- 8. The kit as claimed in claim 7, wherein said specimen does not contain aprotinin.

ABSTRACT

A method for inhibiting the degradation of mammalian natriuretic peptides, in particular, BNP by using containers wherein the face coming into contact with specimens are made of a material capable of inhibiting the activation of a substance degrading peptides. This method makes it possible to collect specimens for measuring natriuretic peptides stably and conveniently.

Also provided is a method for measuring natriureitc peptides by using these containers.

Figure 1

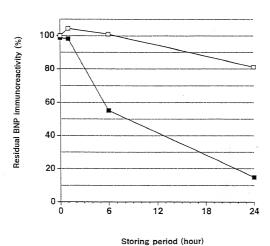
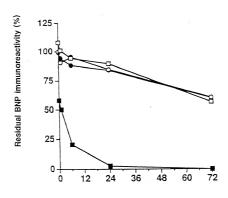
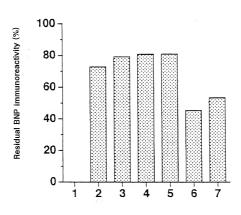


Figure 2



Storing period (hour)

Figure 3



Tube No.

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

P.O. Box 747 • Falls Church, Virginia 22040-0747 Telephone: (703) 205-8000 • Facsimile: (703) 205-8050 ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 32-254P

PLEASE NOTE: **YOU MUST** COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT AND DESIGN APPLICATIONS

•	verily believe that I am the original, plural inventors are named below) or	f the subject matter which is claimed	e address and citizenship are as stated ne entor is named below) or an original, first and for which a patent is sought on the in	nvention entitled:
Insert Title: →	METHOD FOR INHIBIT	ING DEGRADATION OF NA	TRIURETIC PEPTIDES AND	IMPROVED
	METHOD FOR MEASURI	NG NATRIURETIC PEPTID	ES WITH THE USE OF THE	SAME
Fill in Appropriate Information — For Use Without Specification	the specification of which is attach the specification was United States Applica and amended on	filed onation Number	(if applicabl	as ; le); and/or
Attached:	the specification was file	ed on March 31, 1998 on Number PCT/JP98/01	470	as PCT ; and was
	International Application amended under PCT A	n rumoer		applicable)
	I hereby state that I have re amended by any amendment refer I acknowledge the duty to dis §1.56. I do not know and do not be thereof, or patented or described i to this application, that the same application, that the isame application in any country foreign more than twelve months (six me this invention has been filed in any or assigns, except as follows. I hereby claim foreign priori inventories certificate listed below	viewed and understand the contents of red to above. Lose information which is material to julice the same was ever known or us any printed publication in any countr was not in public use or on sale in it is not been patented or made the sal to the United States of America on a units of designs) prior to this applicati country foreign to the United States of, ty benefits under Title 35, United State ty benefits under Title 35, United State and have also identified below any	of the above identified specification, in quaentability as defined in Title 37, Code or ed in the United States of America befor by before my or our invention thereof or me the United States of America more than spect of an inventor's certificate issued in application filed by me or my legal reg on, and that no application for patent or i America prior to this application by me or es Code, §119 (a)-(d) of any foreign app foreign application for patent or inventic	of Federal Regulations, the my or our invention to than one year prior to this before the date of this presentatives or assigns inventor's certificate on my legal representatives dication(s) for patent or
.11	filing date before that of the app	lication on which priority is claimed:		Priority Claimed
Insert Priority	Prior Foreign Application		10/24/1997	X
insert ritority Information: → (if appropriate)	292982/1997 (Number)	Japan (Country)	(Month / Day / Year Filed)	Yes No
	(Number)	(Country)	(Month / Day / Year Filed)	Yes No
	(Number)	(Country)	(Month / Day / Year Filed)	
	(Number)	(Country)	(Month / Day / Year Filed)	Yes No
Insert Provisional Application(s): →	I hereby claim the benefit under	Title 35, United States Code, §119(e) (Application Number)	of any United States provisional applica	(Filing Date)
(if any)		(Application Number)		(Filing Date)
	All Foreign Applications, if any Filing Date of This Application Country	, for any Patent or Inventor's Certificat	te Filed More than 12 Months (6 Months Number Date of File	for Designs) Prior to the ing (Month / Day / Year)
Insert Requested Information: (if appropriate)				
Insert Prior U.S.	insofar as the subject matter of the manner provided by the first ic material to patentability as d	each of the claims of this application is		isclose information which between the filing date of
Application(s):	(Application Number)	(Filing Da	te) (Status — paten	nted, pending, abandoned)
	(Application Number)	(Filing Do	ate) (Status — pater	nted, pending, ahandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and/or an international application based on this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and in connection with the resulting patent based on instructions received from the entity who first sent the application papers to the attorneys identified below, unless the inventor(s) or assigned provides said attorneys with a written notice to the contrary:

provides said anotheys with a	a written nonce to the commy.			
Raymond C. Stewart Joseph A. Kolasch Bernard L. Sweeney Charles Gorenstein Leonard R. Svensson Andrew D. Meikle	(Reg. No. 21,066) (Reg. No. 22,463) (Reg. No. 24,448) (Reg. No. 29,271) (Reg. No. 30,330) (Reg. No. 32,868)	Terrell C. Birch James M. Slattery Michael K Mutter Gerald M. Murphy, Jr. Terry L. Clark Marc S. Weiner	(Reg. No. 19,382) (Reg. No. 28,380) (Reg. No. 29,680) (Reg. No. 28,977) (Reg. No. 32,644) (Reg. No. 32,181)	(j
Joe McKinney Muncy Donald J. Daley John A. Castellano	(Reg. No. 32,334) (Reg. No. 34,313) (Reg. No. 35,094)	John W. Bailey	(Reg. No. 32,881)	

Send Correspondence to: BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

L. P.O. Box 747 • Falls Church, Virginia 22040-0747

Telephone: (703) 205-8000 • Facsimile: (703) 205-8050

PLEASE NOTE: YOU MUST COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Sole Inventor:

Insert Post Office

Full Name of Second Inventor, if any:

Full Name of Third Inventor, if any

Inventor, if any

Full Name of Fifth Inventor, if any

Insert Name of Inventor Insert Date This Document is Signed Insert Residence Insert Officership

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Tule 18 of the United States Code and that such willful folke attatements my knownfair the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, u se statements may jeopardize the validity of the applica	under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the Omited ation or any patent issued thereon.	States Code and	g ugat such white
GIVEN NAME FAMILY NAME Hiroyuki SHIMIZU	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	1	0ATE* 18 Feb. 2000
Residence (City, State & Country) Settsu-shi, Osaka-fu, Japan	JPX	Japan Japan	
POST OFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address including City, State c/o Shionogi & Co., Ltd. 5-1, Osaka 566-0022 JAPAN	Mishima 2-chome, Settsu	ı-shi	
GIVEN NAME FAMILY NAME Hidehisa ASADA	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE La defusia a ada		DATE* 23 Feb 200
Residence (City, State & Country) Settsu-hi, Osaka-fu, Japan	JPL	Japan	
POST OFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address including City, Stat c/o Shionogi & CO., Ltd. 5-1, Osaka 566-0022 JAPAN	e&Country) Mishima 2-chome, Settsu	ı—shi	
GIVEN NAME FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE" 24 Feb. 200
Kazuaki ENDO	Kajuaki Endo	CITIZENSHIP	24 FCD. 200
Residence (City, State & Country) Osaka-shi, Osaka-fu, Japan	JPL	Japan	
POST DFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address including City, Sta c/o Shionogi & Co., Ltd. 12-4 Osaka-shi, Osaka 553-0002 JAI	4, Sagisu 5-chome, Fukus	hima-ku	
GIVEN NAME FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE*
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIP	
POST OFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address including City, Sta	ate & Country)		
GIVEN NAME FAMILY NAME	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE		DATE*
Residence (City, State & Country)		CITIZENSHIP	
POST DFFICE ADDRESS (Complete Street Address including City, S	tate & Country)		

Page 2 of 2 (Revised 11-98)